2 **Column Jacketing** 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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The steel column jacket assembly for each column shown in the Plans shall be fabricated in accordance with the shop drawings as approved by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall excavate and shore as required to expose the column surface below ground to the top of the existing footing or footing pedestal. The surface of the existing column shall be cleaned and prepared in accordance with the column jacket installation plan as approved by the Engineer.

For specific columns for which the Engineer approves a waiver of the prefabrication field measuring of the column height dimension, the Contractor shall field measure the column height upon completion of the excavation. Contractor shall field cut the top of the column jacket assembly using the method, template, and equipment as specified in the pre-fabrication field measuring wiaver request submittal as approved by the Engineer. The fabrication, removal, and disposal of the excess column jacket length shall be performed at no additional expense to the Contracting Agency.

The Contractor shall position the steel column jacket around the existing column using spacers to center the assembly. The spacers may be welded to the inside of the jacket and, if used, shall be placed and attached as shown in the shop drawings as approved by the Engineer.

Field welded complete penetration groove welds of the column jacket assemblies shall be inspected in accordance with Section 6-03.3(25)A as supplemented in these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall install external grout injection valves for use in filling the cavity with grout, installing at least the minimum number of valves as shown in the Plans. The valves shall be spaced such that the grout will uniformly fill the gap between the jacket assembly and the column surface. The grout pump shall be equipped with a pressure gauge to monitor grout pressures. The grouting equipment shall be sized to enable the grout to be pumped in one continuous operation. The mixer shall be capable of continuously agitating the grout.

The production grout compressive strength shall be measured using 100 millimeter diameter by 205 millimeter cylinders, cast and cured under the same conditions as the grouted column jacket assembly. The cylinders shall attain a minimum seven day compressive strength of 16.5 MPa.

The gap between the column jacket assembly and the existing column surface at the base of the assembly shall be completely sealed in accordance with the column jacket installation plan as approved by the Engineer.

The grouting operation shall begin from the base of the assembly and from the base of each successive lift. The Contractor shall pump grout into the assembly while maintaining a uniform level grout head around the column.

The Contractor shall limit the height of each lift of grout to minimize undulations and displacements of the surface of the column jacket assembly during grouting. For column jacket assemblies of circular (constant radius) cross section, the height of

each lift of grout shall be limited to 6.10 meters maximum. For column jacket assemblies with cross sections of all other shapes, the height of each lift of grout shall be limited to 2.44 meters maximum. The Contractor may restrain the column jacket assembly within the specified tolerances during grouting operations by using a bracing system in accordance with the column jacket installation plan as approved by the Engineer. Except as otherwise shown in the Plans, restraints for the bracing system shall not pass through the column. Except when a bracing system is used, placement of the next grout lift shall not begin until the previous grout lift has hardened.

The Contractor shall contain and collect all grout outside the column jacket assembly, in accordance with the column jacket installation plan as approved by the Engineer, and shall not permit grout to flow onto the shoulder, gutter, or lane, or into drainage structures.

When the assembly is completely grouted to the top, the Contractor shall place mortar over the top of the grout at the top of the assembly, and shall slope the mortar to drain.

All clamps, valves, injection ports, lifting ears, and other attachments shall be removed not less than 24 hours after completing grouting operations at the column. The Contractor shall fill all voids with mortar, and shall finish them flush with the exterior surface of the column jacket assembly. The Contractor shall not remove the attachments by flame cutting.

Seven calendar days after completing the grouting of a column jacket assembly, the Engineer will inspect the assembly for voids between the steel casing and the grout. The Contractor shall completely fill all voids detected by the Engineer by injecting epoxy bonding agent into the lowest point of each void and venting at the highest point. The exposed epoxy bonding agent shall be finished flush with the exterior surface of the column jacket assembly.

Steel surfaces with damaged primer coat shall be repaired with field primer in accordance with Section 6-07.3(1). The primer repair shall be followed by application of the intermediate and finish field coats of paint to all exposed steel surfaces in accordance with Section 6-07.3(1) and Section 6-03.3(30) as supplemented in these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall fill the excavation in accordance with Section 2-09.3(1)E and the following requirements:

- 1. For backfill supporting roadbed, roadway embankments, or structures, the backfill shall be gravel borrow conforming to Section 9-03.14(1).
- For backfill in all other situations, the backfill shall be native backfill material compacted in accordance with Section 2-03.3(14)C, except that the backfill shall be compacted to 80 percent of the maximum density as specified.